新竹市光武國中 110 學年度第二學期 第三次段考英語科試題(含聽力測驗) 二年級試題卷 範圍: ABC 雜誌 P.29~40 + 南一版第四冊(全)

IJI 4 II.	広場・	州夕・
カエ約び・	坐號・	灶台・

※選擇題共 8 頁 50 題。第 1 頁(1~10 題)為聽力試題,第 2~6 頁(11~50 題)為閱讀試題。請用 2B 鉛筆 將選擇題答案清楚 畫在同一張答案卡上。 ※因個人資料書卡錯誤、顏色過淺或未擦拭乾淨造成機器無法判讀,將扣平時成績總分 5 分。

Part 1: Picture Questions (2 %)

Look at each picture and answer the question 1. ()



Part 2: Best Response Questions (6 %)

Listen to the question or statement and choose the best response.

- () 2. (A) Yes, I do everything they tell me.
 - (B) No. I visit them as often as I can.
 - (C) Yes. They live not far from here.
- () 3. (A) No. I can't help you.
 - (B) Why don't you do it tonight?
 - (C) OK. I believe you.
- () 4. (A) Great, because I don't eat ham.
 - (B) Good. I love both ham and cheese.
 - (C) I know. It has cheese only.

Part 3: Conversation Questions (12%)

Listen to each conversation and answer the question.

- () 5. (A) He will keep smoking.
 - (B) He will only smoke sometimes.
 - (C) He will stop smoking.
- () 6. (A) She doesn't want to eat fish.
 - (B) She only eats fish.
 - (C) She wants to eat fish.
- () 7. (A) She moved her head to say yes.
 - (B) She says no to the boy.
 - (C) She is playing games.
- () 8. (A) Drink more water.
 - (B) Keep water out of the cut.
 - (C) Don't look at the cut.
- () 9. (A) She wants to have more money.
 - (B) She doesn't think she is rich.
 - (C) Rich people can be sad, too.
- () 10. (A) She didn't talk with Brad's sister.
 - (B) She really likes Brad's brother.
 - (C) She prefers Brad of them all.

※ 聽力試題結束。第2頁起為閱讀試題※

一、單選:% (每題2分)

11.() Look at the picture. What are they doing?



	(A) Camping at the beach. (I	B) Walking on the bo	each.		
	(C) Cleaning up the beach. (I	D) Playing volleybal	ll on the beach.		
2.(() All of the money in the three piggy banks	my little	brother. He collects it		
	for a long time and he wants to buy a set of	for a long time and he wants to buy a set of LEGO for himself.			
	(A) belongs to (B) belong to (C)	C) belonged to	(D) belonging to		
3.(() I like this postcard very much. Judy traveled	I like this postcard very much. Judy traveled in the UK last year and			
	(A) send it to me (B) send me it (C)	C) sent it to me	(D) sent me it		
4.(() John goes jogging for an hour every day to k	eep himself	.		
	(A) high (B) healthy (C)	C) full-time	(D) interesting		
5.(People see the Ravenmaster as a protector of the British tradition. It is a(n)				
	be a Ravenmaster in the UK	be a Ravenmaster in the UK			
	(A) order (B) honor (C)	C) uniform	(D) vacation		
6.(() My old dress is too small for me because I po	ut on a few pounds(磅) these days. I'll go		
	shopping for this weekend with my mom.				
	(A) another one (B) the other one (C)	C) the new one	(D) it		
7.(() My parents are always worried about me and	d tell me to take care	e of because I		
	am the one they love and care about. I am so	am the one they love and care about. I am so lucky I am not alone in the world.			
	(A) themselves (B) yourselves (C)	C) ourselves	(D) myself		
8.(When Tom was reading in the library, he saw his ex-girlfriend walk inside			
	some books. He walked up to her and said h				
		C) and looked for			
9.(every day,	the number of her		
	fans grows slowly.				
		C) Although; x			
20.(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(A) much easier; faster (B) more easily; fast (C) very easy; faster				
	(D) more easily; faster				

21.() There is something wrong with the washing machine. It makes a lot of noise. Would you please have someone?				
	(A) to fix it (B) fix it (C) fixed it (D) fixes it				
22.() Mr. Chen usually asks us to take a test and upload it through Google during the				
22.(
	English class because of us has an iPad when we are in class. It is quite convenient.				
	(A) one (B) most (C) each (D) all				
23.() Suddenly, we all felt the classroom It was an earthquake. We ran out of the				
	classroom and then waited in the playground.				
	(A) to shake; quickly (B) shake; quick (C) shaking; quick (D) shaking; quickly	Į			
24.() Tim: It is raining. What will we do if it tomorrow?					
	May: Why not stay at home and pick a good movie on Netflix?				
	(A) keeps raining (B) will keep raining (C) will stop raining (D) stops to rain	n			
25.() John: Michael Jorden is a legend in NBA history.					
	Tony: Who? I never heard about him before.				
	John: He is my idol. Let me tell you more about him.				
	Tony:				
	(A) I learned so much today. (B) You can count on me. (C) Thanks for telling me.				
	(D) I am all ears.				
26.() Bob: How was your winter vacation?				
	Amy:				
	(A) Awesome. I like to go on a vacation in winter.				
	(B) Wonderful. We visited several museums in the UK and we enjoyed ourselves.				
	(C) I see. They are pretty much the same.				
	(D) How great! The new library was open to the public last month.				
27.() Terry: Nature is the best teacher. We can always learn something from animals and				
	plants.				
	Sophie:				
	(A) It sounds like a good idea.				
	(B) Like what? The train in the tunnel.				
	(C) Yes. We can also borrow some useful ideas from them.				
	(D) What can we do to help nature?				

請翻頁繼續作答

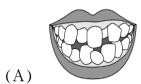
二、題組:%(每題2分)

Look at David's note and answer the following questions.

	Aligners	Braces
Look	Not easy for people to find out	Able to see the wires clearly
Take away	Easy to take them away	Difficult to take them away
Eat	Take them away before eating	Have problems eating some food
Feeling	Comfortable	Not comfortable
Brush teeth	Take them away before brushing teeth	Spend more time brushing teeth
Visit dentists	Visit the dentist every 6-8 weeks	Visit the dentist every 4-6 weeks
Do you know		

□ wire 金屬圈 space 空間 either...or...不是…就是 solve 解決

) What do **dental overlaps** mean in David's notes?

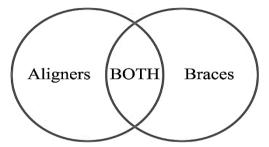








)David needs to finish his report on braces and aligners. Which of the following words can he put in "BOTH"?



- (A) Take them away before eating. (B) Brush teeth at least twice a day.
- (C) Easy for people to see them.
- (D) Visit the dentist every two months.
-) What is the note about? 30.(
 - (A) How to know the different parts between braces and aligners.
 - (B) How to find good dentists when one needs either braces or aligners.
 - (C) How to take care of teeth with either braces or aligners.
 - (D) How to shop for a cheap braces or aligners.

Clean Robot

-1 +

Buy it Now

★ Only US\$500

★ Buy two, and the second one is 12% off.

31.() What does *it* mean in the reading?

so I checked online and found this:

- (A) Working during the day.
- (B) Buying the dishwasher.
- (C) Checking something online.
- (D) Doing the housework.
- 32.() Which is *NOT* true about the reading?
 - (A) The writer's mom does lots of housework.
 - (B) The writer does the housework sometimes.
 - (C) The dishwasher helps the writer's mom a lot.
 - (D) The writer bought a dishwasher for his mom.
- 33.() If the writer buys two Clean Robots, how much will he spend?
 - (A) US\$500.
 - (B) US\$940.
 - (C) US\$1,000.
 - (D) US\$880.

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PTV News

Date: September 14, 2019

How do you go to school? By bus or by bike? The elementary school students on the small Daiso Island, Penghu, Taiwan, go to school in the big Magong City by boat. Why? Because there is no elementary school there. Catching fish was hard work, and there were not enough fish in the sea. The parents on Daiso Island went to big cities with their children for different jobs. The only school there didn't have enough students, so it was closed in 2005.

Now, the students take a boat at 6:40 a.m. to Chongguang Port in Magong City. It is about 20 minutes. Then they take a taxi to school. It is about 10 minutes. Sometimes the wind is too strong, and they can't go to school on that day. They really want to have a school on their island, but they can't.

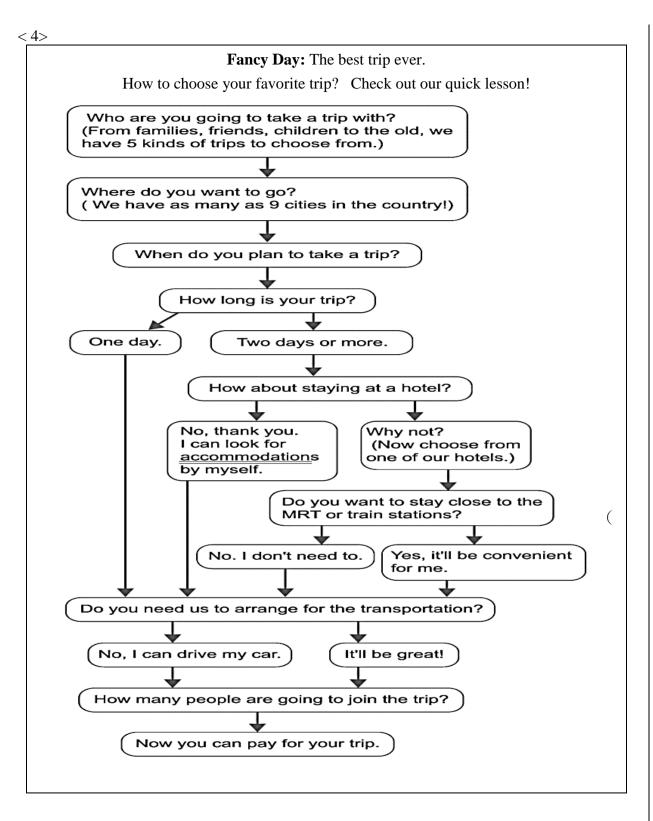
□ port 港口

- 34.() The students on Daiso Island take a boat to school because:
 - a. The only school was closed. b. The parents went to big cities for jobs.
 - c. There were not enough fish. d. The students go to school in Magong City.

Which is the right order?

- (A) $a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow d$ (B) $b \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \rightarrow a$
- (C) $c \rightarrow b \rightarrow a \rightarrow d$ (D) $d \rightarrow a \rightarrow c \rightarrow b$
- 35.() A teacher writes down the schedule for the students on Daiso Island. Which is right?
 - (A) 6:40 a.m. by boat 7:00 a.m. by taxi 7:10 a.m. Daiso \rightarrow Chongguang Port \rightarrow school
 - (B) 6:40 a.m. by boat 7:00 a.m. by bus 7:10 a.m. Chongguang Port \rightarrow Daiso \rightarrow school
 - (C) 6:40 a.m. by boat 6:50 a.m. by taxi 7:00 a.m. Daiso \rightarrow Chongguang Port \rightarrow school
 - (D) 6:40 a.m. by boat 6:50 a.m. by bike 7:00 a.m. Chongguang Port \rightarrow Daiso \rightarrow school
- 36.() What may the title of the news be?
 - (A) Ways to Go to School (B) Going Fishing in Penghu
 - (C) Students Go to School by Boat (D) How to Go Home in Strong Wind

請翻頁繼續作答



- 37.() What is the quick lesson of **Fancy Day** about?
 - (A) How to get to one of **Fancy Day**'s hotels.
 - (B) How to book a trip from **Fancy Day**.
 - (C) How to learn to drive cars from **Fancy Day**.
 - (D) How to find the cheapest tickets from **Fancy Day**.
- 38.()When John read the reading, he didn't know the word "<u>accommodation."</u> He looked it up in a dictionary, and he found several meanings of the word. Which one should John choose for the word "accommodation' in this reading?
 - (A) A place for people to stay or live in.

Example: The price for the holiday covers accommodations.

- (B) Two people or groups agree with something.
 - Example: Both sides wanted to make a kind of accommodation.
- (C) The space for people in a ship.
 - Example: She called the ship office for accommodations.
- (D) The ways of trying to get used to (習慣) something.
 - Example: We have to make an accommodation to the different weather when we take a trip abroad.
- 39.() What can we learn about **Fancy Day**?
 - (A) You have to book at least two trips each time.
 - (B) You can choose from nine hotels for each city.
 - (C) They can arrange both accommodation and transportation for you.
 - (D) Children under five or the old over seventy cannot join their trip.

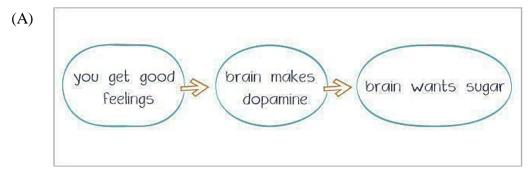
<u>You have a sweet tooth.</u> You like chocolate, candy, and cake. You can't say no to them; you want them every day. They may not be good for your body, but you can't help it. What's going on with you? Well, maybe it's not you; maybe it's your brain.

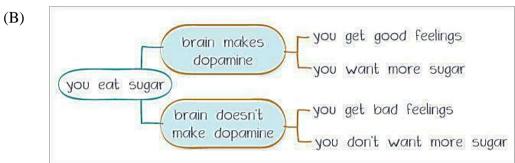
With sugar in your body, your brain makes dopamine. With dopamine, you get good feelings, and your brain likes those feelings. But the dopamine in your brain is not there for long. It fades away over time. Your brain then wants more. It says to you, "You want good feelings; you want sugar." Then you want sweet food again. After some time, your brain loves sugar too much. From a small slice of cake to a big bag of chocolate, you want more and more.

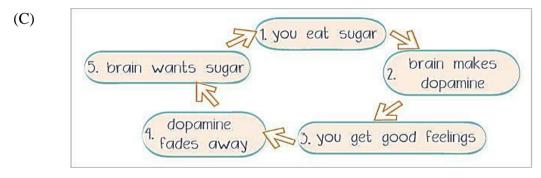
□ dopamine 多巴胺 fade 消逝

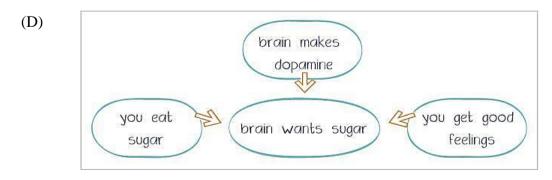
- 40. () You have a sweet tooth means you .
 - (A) are kind to people
 - (B) have nice and clean teeth
 - (C) only eat chocolate or candy
 - (D) like sweet food very much
- 41. () Which may be the title of the reading?
 - (A) Is Sugar Good or Bad?
 - (B) Does Your Body Need Sugar?
 - (C) How Much Do You Like Sugar?
 - (D) What Does Sugar Do to Your Brain?

42. () Tom took some notes about the reading .Which picture is true?









請翻頁繼續作答

OCEANIA Working Holiday Visa



Have the time of your life . . .

Every year thousands of young people visit Oceania on working holiday visas.

With a working holiday visa you can:

- Travel freely in Oceania for one year.
- Work whenever you want to support your travels.
- Study for up to six months.

Joe, 27, London

Only people between the ages of 18 and 30 can apply for working holiday visas.

To know more about working holiday visas and how to apply, visit www.oceania.gov.oc

I had such a great time.
The only bad thing was
having to go home at
the end!

Do it! It'll change your life! What an amazing adventure!

Mike, 22, Taipei

I met so many interesting people and made lots of new friends.

Gail, 25, New York

- 💷 visa 簽證 apply 申請 adventure 冒險 blog 部落格 support 支持
- 43. () According to the reading, who can apply for the visa?
 - (A) Jessie. He studies in college and wants to travel abroad.
 - (B) Ted. He is in his early thirties and wants to find a job.
 - (C) Terry. He is in his late fifties and is going to stop working.
 - (D) Judy. She is a junior high school student and wants to study abroad.

- 44. () Diana got the working holiday visa last week. She will leave for Oceania this June and stay there for one year. She plans to study for six months. After that, she will find a job and travel around Oceania. How long can she spend on working and traveling in Oceania at most?
 - (A) Six months.
 - (B) Six weeks.
 - (C) One year.
 - (D) One year and six months.
- 45. () If you have "the time of your life," what kind of experience may you have?
 - (A) A boring one.
 - (B) An interesting one.
 - (C) A terrible one.
 - (D) A tiring one.
- 46. () What did Gail from New York love most about her time in Oceania?
 - (A) The scenery.
 - (B) The culture.
 - (C) The food.
 - (D) The people.
- 47. () What does it mean to "support your travels"?
 - (A)Take lots of pictures, so you can remember your travels.
 - (B) Write a blog, so people can share your travels.
 - (C) Make money, so you can pay for your travels.
 - (D) Be careful, so you don't get hurt on your travels.

Afternoon tea <u>(48)</u> a social event for ladies. But both men and women now enjoy it. You can enjoy afternoon tea in many places in England. Hotels in other large cities offer the experience, too.

Dress Code

For afternoon tea, men can wear nice pants and a collared shirt. For ladies, this is the perfect opportunity to dress up!

Manners for afternoon tea

- * If using milk, some say to add it to the teacup before the tea is poured. Never add lemon when using milk.
- * Never stick out your pinky while drinking.
- * When drinking, take small, quiet sips. Never (49) on your tea even though it is too hot.
- * Never leave the spoon in the cup. Place it on the saucer beside the cup.
- * Keep your napkin on your lap. When ___(50) __the table, place your napkin on your seat.
- * Keep the teacup on the saucer when you aren't drinking.

Enjoy your tea!

Q event 事件 collared 有領子的 stick out 伸出 pinky 小指 sip 啜飲 saucer 小盤子

- 48. () (A) was
- (B) were
- (C) is
- (D) will be

- 49. () (A) blows
- (B) to blow
- (C) blowing
- (D) blow

- 50. () (A) leave
- (B) you leaving
- (C) you leave
- (D) you left

[試題結束。別忘了再仔細檢查!]